Grief and Loss

Grief Process

- 1. Denial
 - a. Deny the situation actually occurred. It is a defense mechanism that buffers the immediate shock.
- 2. Anger
 - a. When the reality of the situation begins to settle, the emotion that appears is anger.
- 3. Bargaining
 - a. Feelings of helplessness. We try to make a deal to postpone the inevitable.
- 4. Depression/Sadness
 - a. Worrying about the costs associated with the loss. Feeling guilty about not spending time with others during the difficult time.
- 5. Acceptance
 - a. Learning to cope with the loss and understanding the emotions you are experiencing. Allowing yourself to feel the grief will help you process and heal.

Tips for Coping

- 1. Talk about it- speak with friends, professors or family members because it will help you realize that you are not alone with your feelings.
- 2. Limit media watching- take breaks from watching news coverage that could cause more pain
- 3. Take care of yourself- get plenty of rest/sleep, exercise, healthy eating to help your body cope with the stress. Find time to relax.
- 4. Avoid excess- avoid alcohol, drugs and tobacco products to cope with stress.
- 5. Resume routines- get back to your daily activities in life. It will help resume a sense of control.
- 6. Get involved- engaging in positive activities will help promote comfort.

Based on original content from Psych Central and the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services.